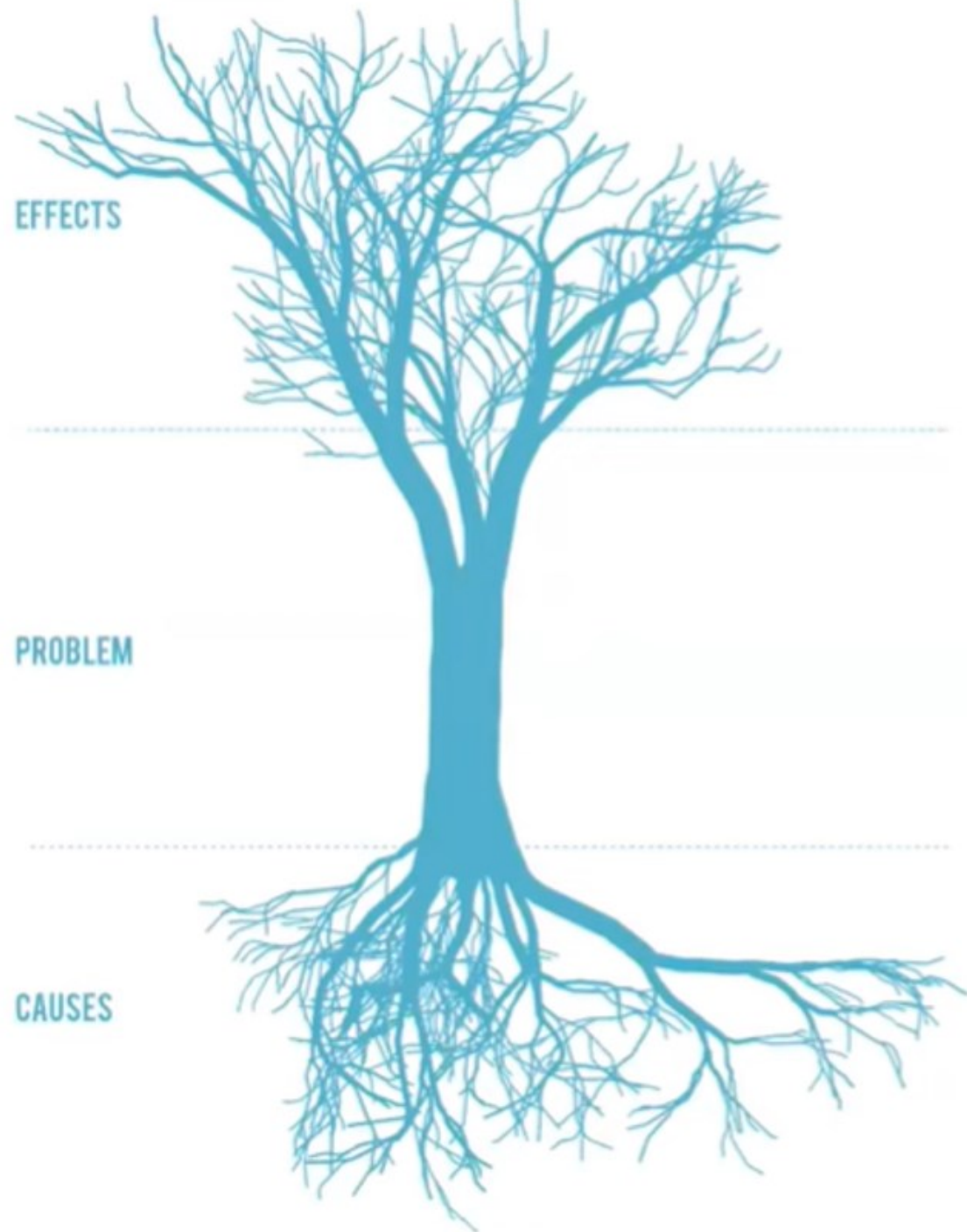




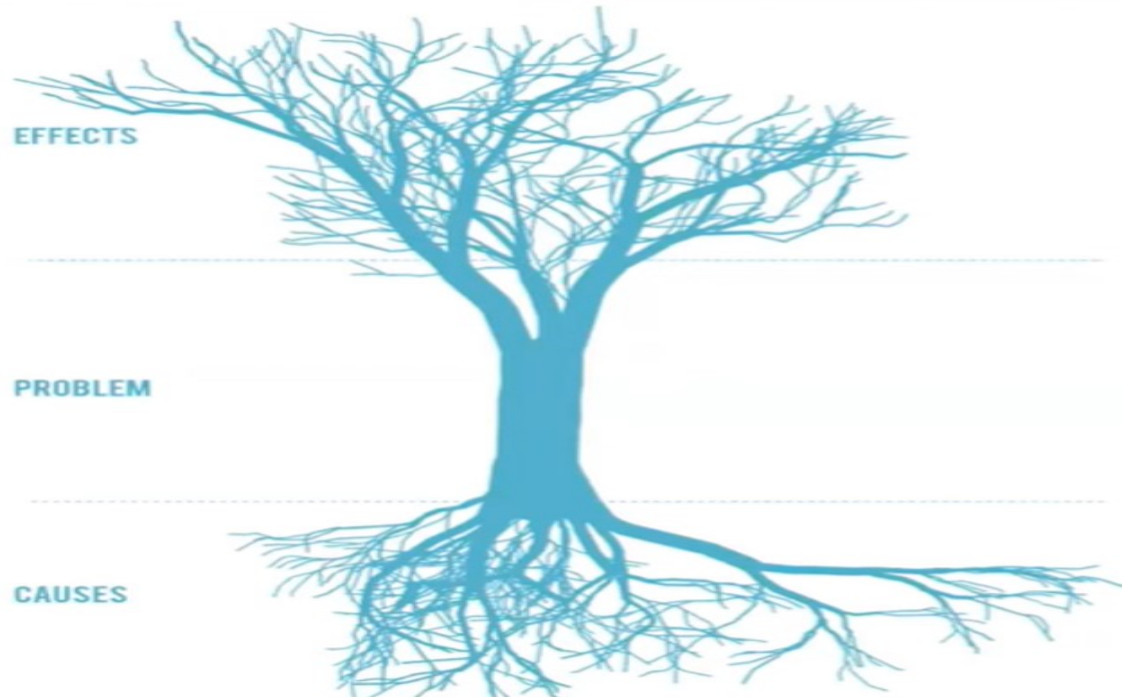
Problem Tree Analysis

Method and Template



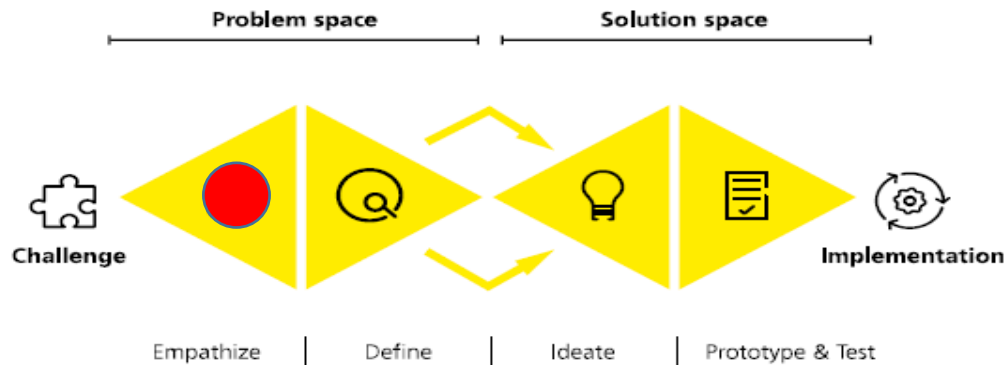
The problem tree analysis is ...

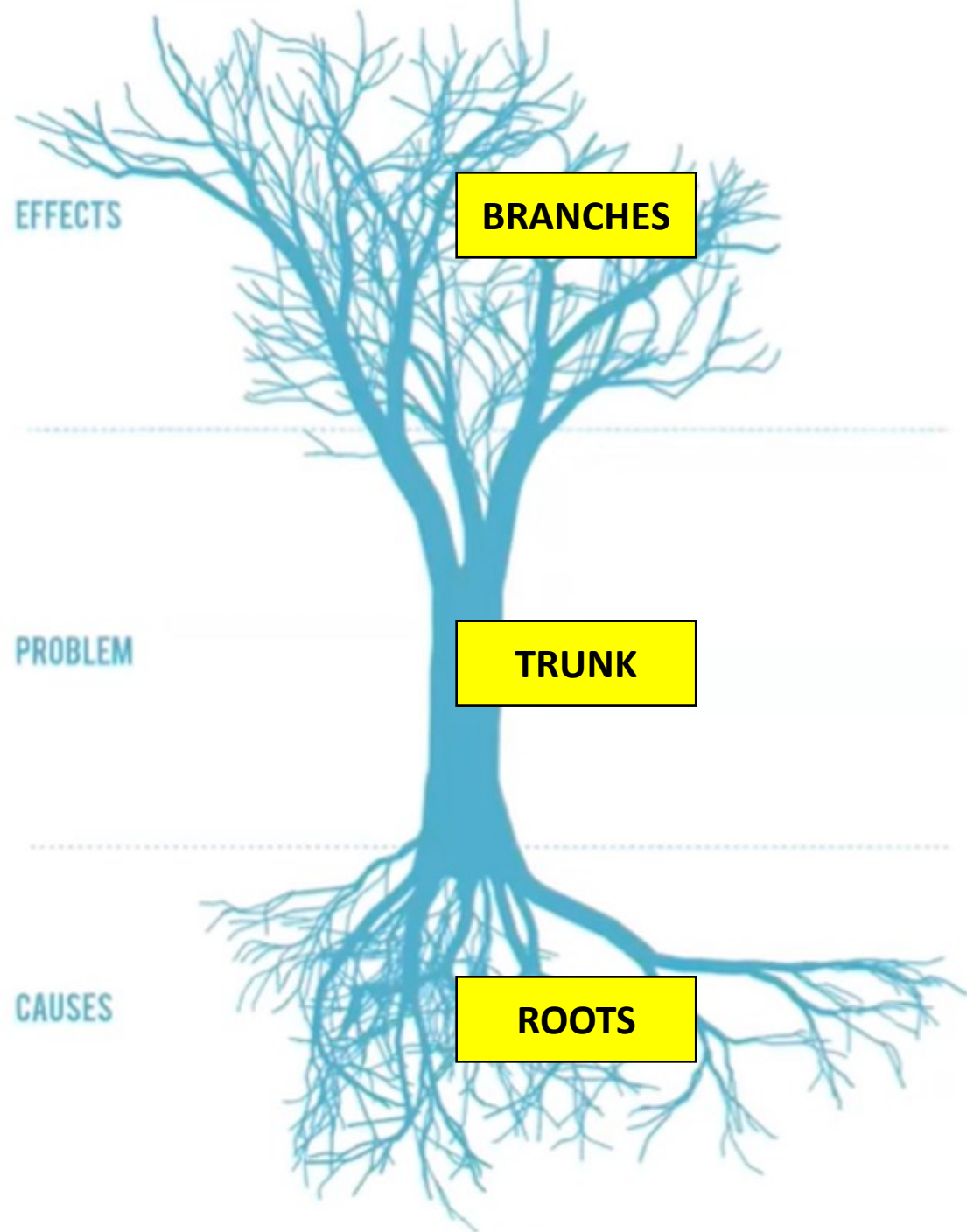
- ❖ a method to analyse the causes and effects of a problem
- ❖ to deep dive and get a holistic picture of it – in a multi-stakeholder setting
- ❖ to see how different problems sometimes connect to each other



The tool is used...

- at the start of a project to clearly understand the problem
- to empathise and expand views before defining the aspect of the problem to be solved
- To exchange knowledge and path the way for a co-creational work spirit





The problem tree structure is ...

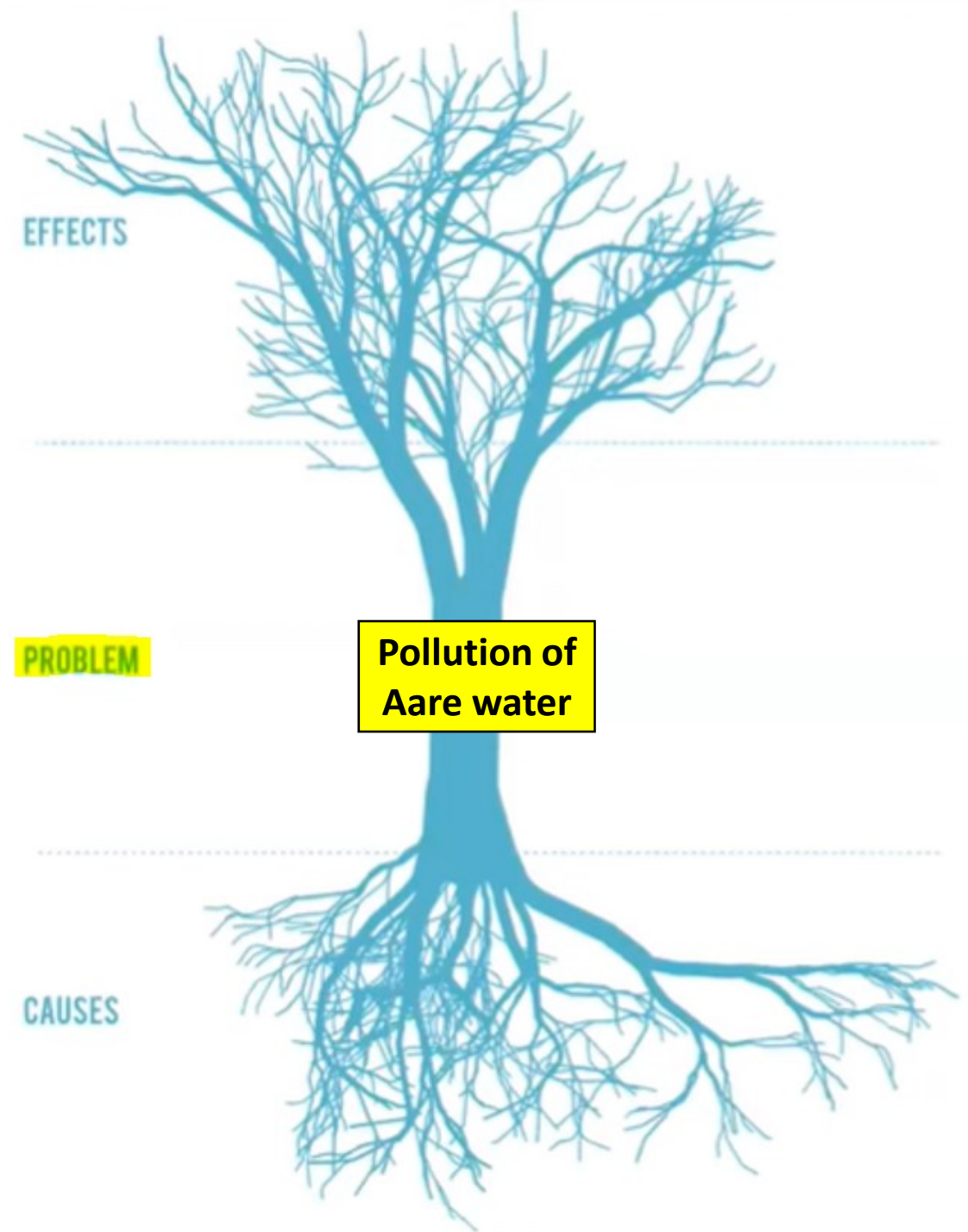
trunk = **problem** to explore

roots = **causes** of a problem

branches = **effects** of causes

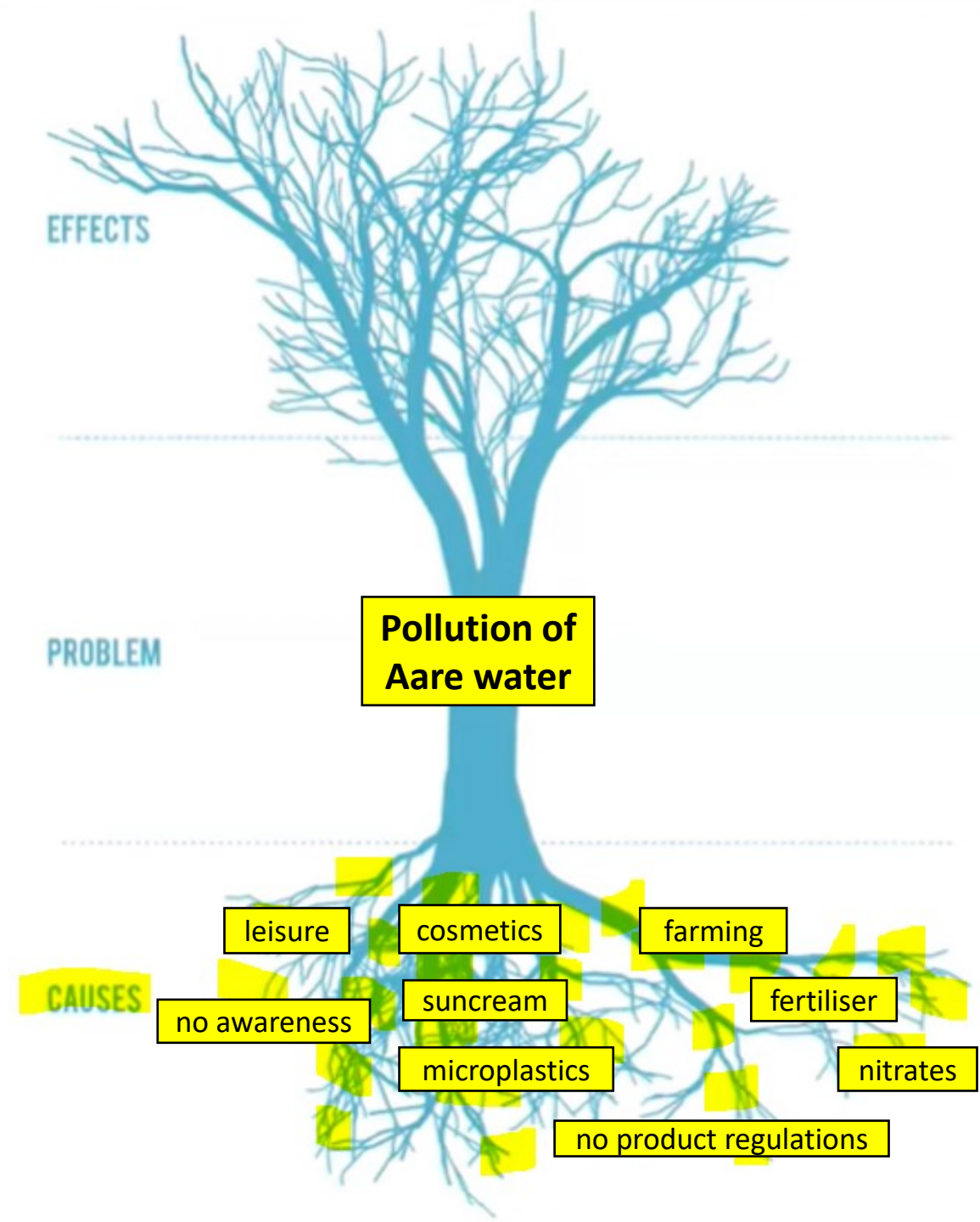
Analysis Step 1: Choose a problem

- A) Identify challenges with your ecosystem beforehand or
 - B) Collect challenges with other stakeholders on site
-
- ✓ choose one problem to tackle
 - ✓ put the problem on the trunk



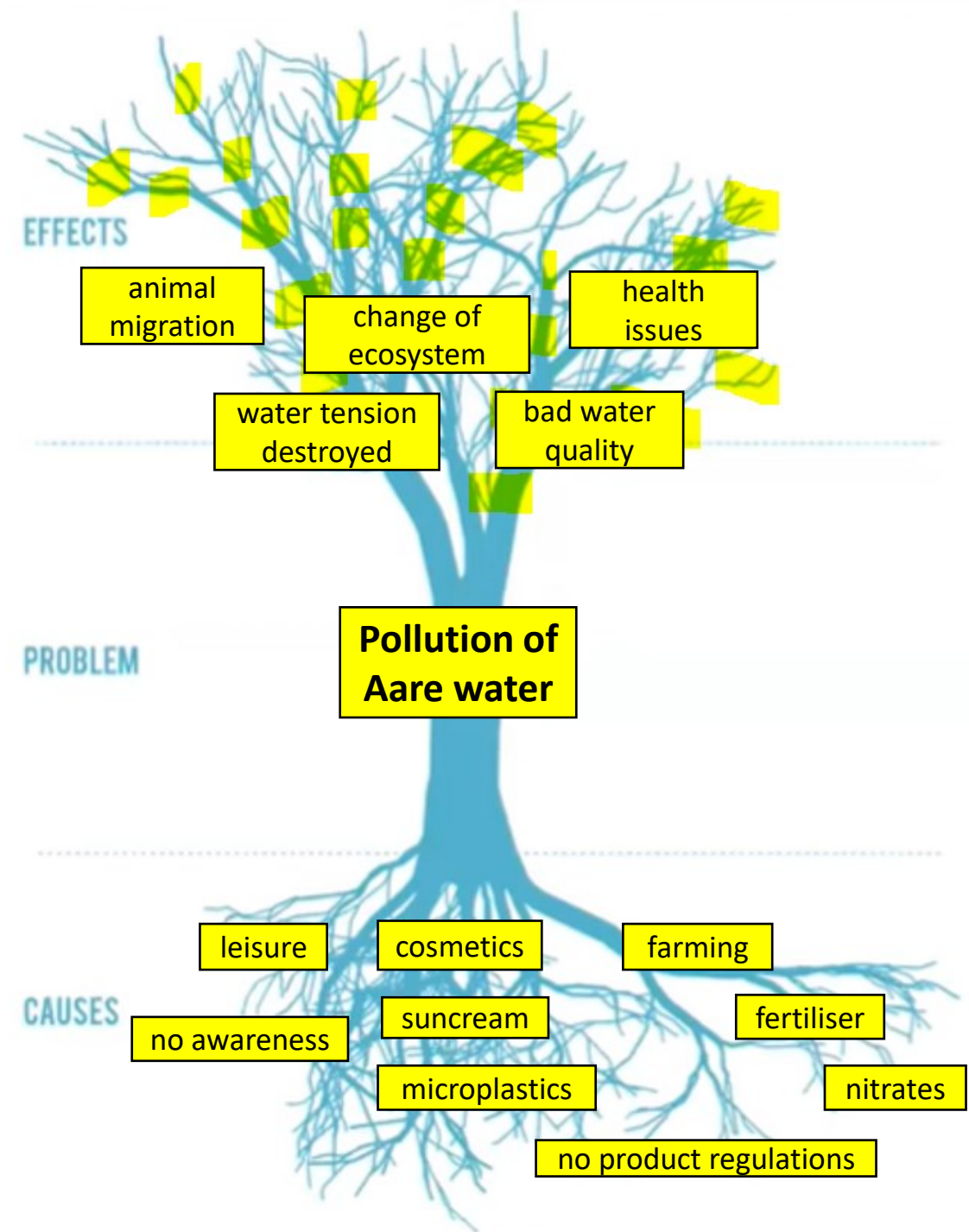
Analysis Step 2: Look for causes

- ✓ discuss all possible causes in mixed teams with mixed competences
 - ✓ put them to the tree roots
 - ✓ for each cause, ask 3 times «why, why, why» to get to deeper root causes.
- ❖ causes can be economical, social, policy-related, cultural, behavioural etc.



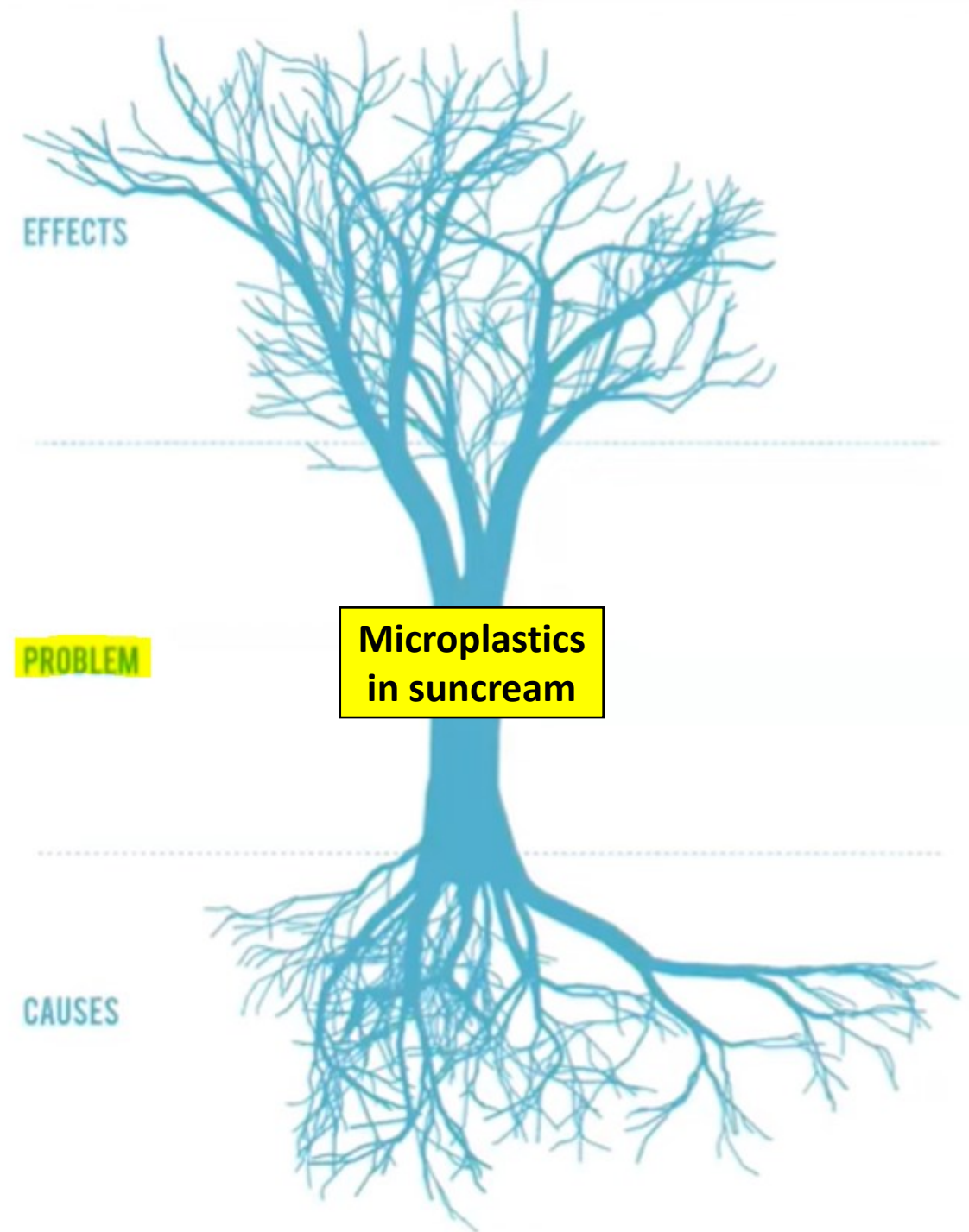
Analysis Step 3: Look for effects

- ✓ discuss consequences of all the causes found
- ✓ put them to the branches on first and second level order
- ❖ connect the consequences if you feel they are related



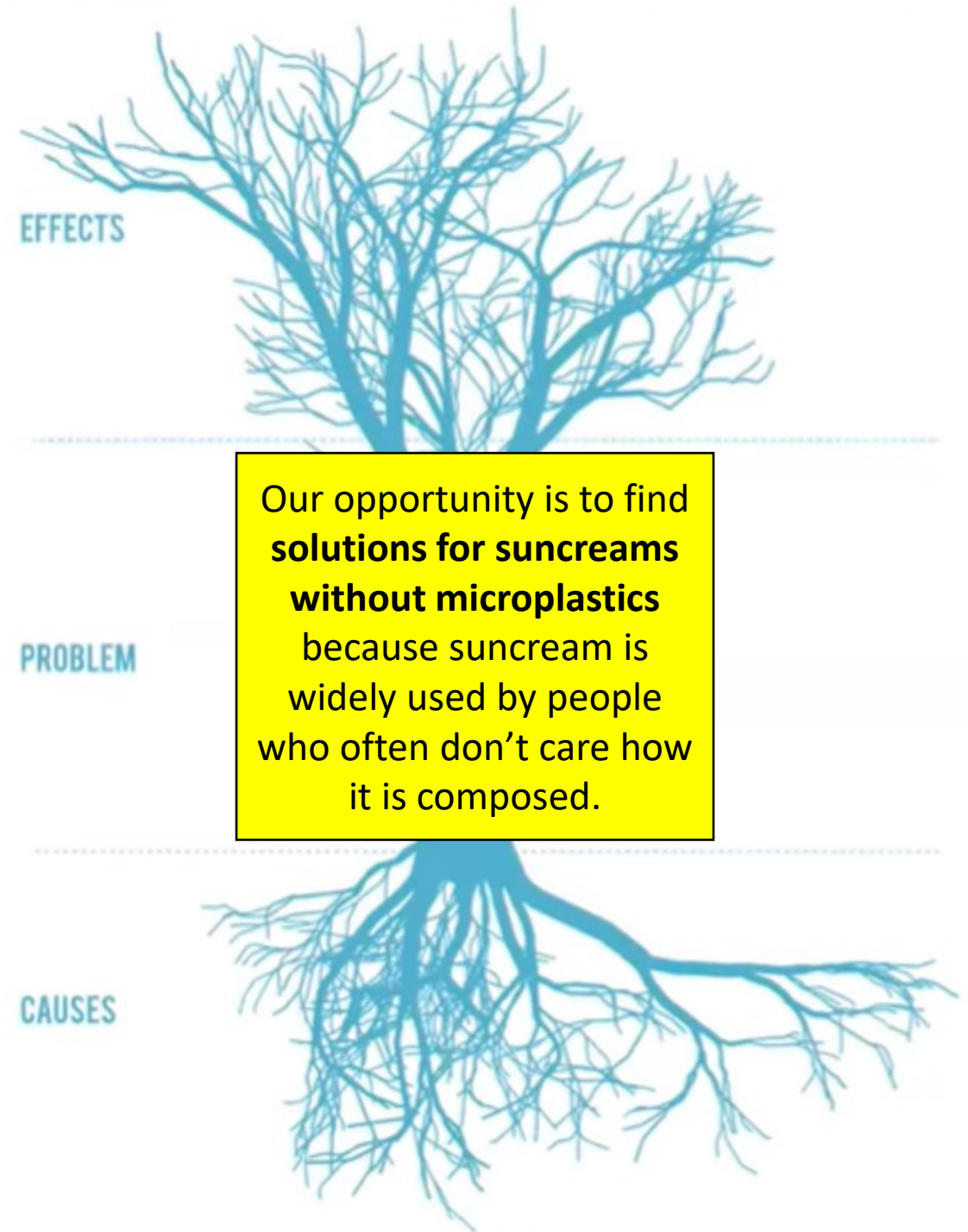
Analysis Step 4: Repeat exercise

- ✓ causes or sub-causes can become the core problem
- ✓ put a specific (sub)cause to the trunk and create a new problem tree
- ✓ repeat exercise steps 1-3
- ❖ this iteration step helps generate an even deeper problem understanding



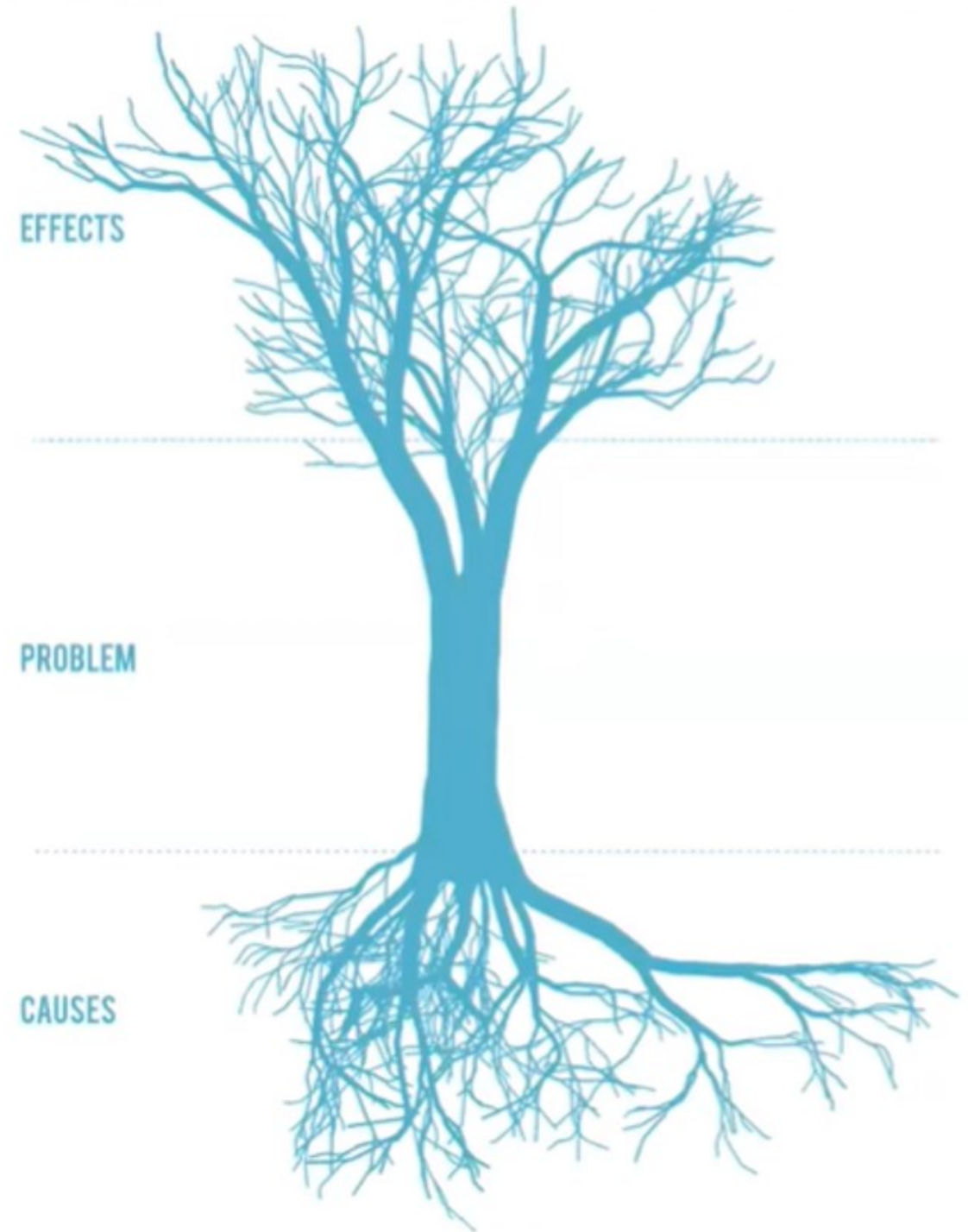
Analysis Step 5: Opportunity statement

- ✓ select a problem/cause in which you have expertise
 - ✓ research around it to see if solving it is a promising opportunity
 - ✓ think about the impact you can get if you remove it
 - ✓ formulate an opportunity statement which includes the reason to solve the problem
- ❖ «Our opportunity is to find solutions for X because Y»



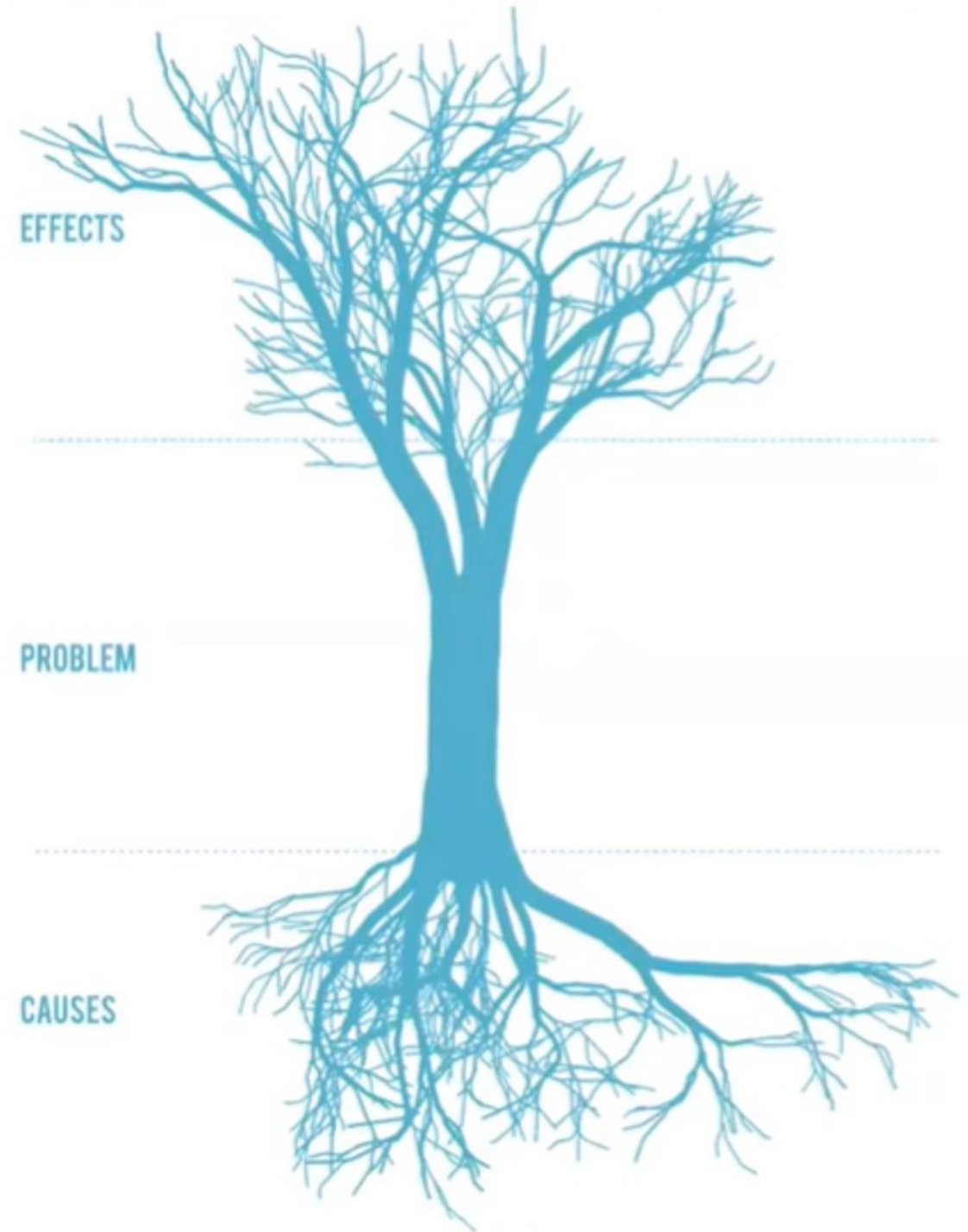
Important

- ✓ don't discuss solutions during the exercise
- ✓ don't integrate potential solutions into your opportunity statement
- ✓ rate all problems equally
- ✓ feel attached to a problem you want to tackle
- ✓ work in teams with mixed competences and skills



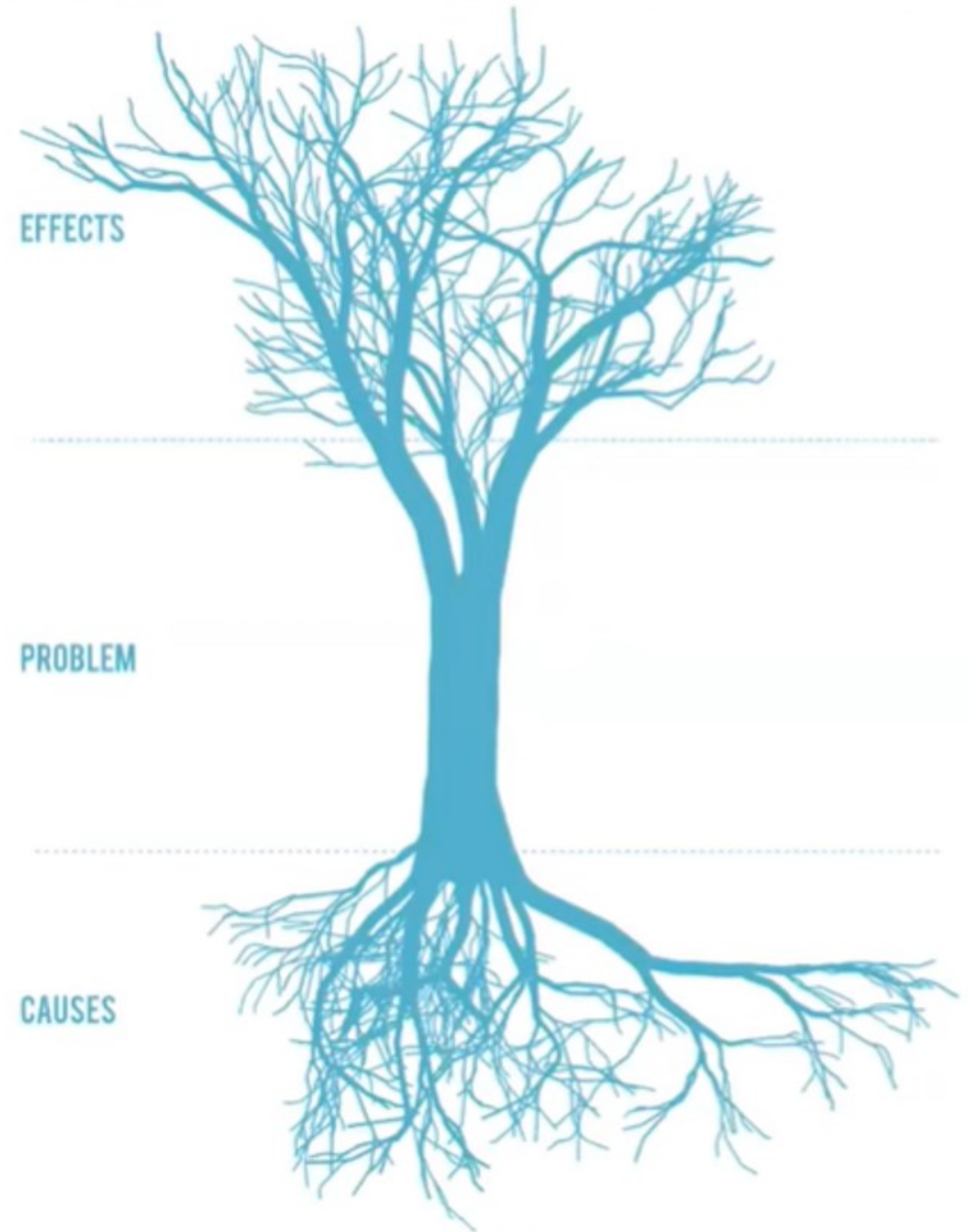
What more

- ✓ focusing on the problem, the exercise does not touch on IP questions
- ✓ to work faster, the different stakeholders could prepare the tree beforehand
- ✓ when they get together they can complete each others picture



Links

- ✓ [How to master the Problem Tree Method – YouTube](#)
- ✓ [Problem tree | URBACT](#) to download a template for the problem tree analysis





Start your innovation journey
exploring the problem!